

ADAMANT Ab-initio Design of Alloy Materials: A Software Toolkit

Programme: FFG – Industrienahe Dissertationen

Programme line: COMET-K2 Centre

Type of project: Strategic, 3 years

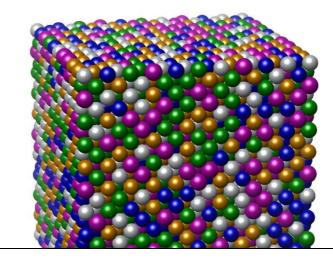


Illustration of the atomic composition of the fcc FeMnNiCoCr alloy. Various colors correspond to different elements: Fe (grey), Mn (purple), Ni (gold), Co (blue), Cr (green). Image: MCL

PREDICTIVE MODELING OF STRENGTH IN HIGH ENTROPY ALLOYS

COMPUTATIONAL DESIGN OF ALLOYS CAN REDUCE COST OF ADVANCED MATERIALS DEVELOPMENT

High entropy alloys (HEA) are a group of novel metallic materials with outstanding mechanical and functional properties and great potential for future applications, particularly for aerospace, energy and toolmaking industry. The HEAs are alloys consisting of several alloying elements with equal or relatively large proportions of typically five or more elements. This mixture of alloying elements at atomistic level provides the high strength of this material class.

Environmental and economic challenges require fast development cycles for improved materials. At the same time, design of new alloys is a difficult endeavor because of a large number of possible variable parameters, such as a chemical composition. The task can be greatly simplified if one makes use of

predictive ab initio methods to relate these parameters to resulting properties. However, the application of such methods to disordered alloys is not easy and requires a high level of expertise. To facilitate the application of cutting-edge simulation methods, MCL developed a prototype of a software toolkit implementing complex workflows for computing important alloy properties. E.g., the solid solution strengthening represents a significant contribution to the total strength of a metallic alloy and the ductility index characterizes the ability of materials to deform without breaking. Although normally such calculations are associated with extreme computational expenses, we employ recently developed models relying strictly only on parameters that can be obtained from ab initio

 Federal Ministry Republic of Austria Climate Action, Environment, Energy, Mobility, Innovation and Technology





SUCCESS STORY



calculations, thereby dramatically reducing the expenses. The whole framework was tested on irongroup (FeMnCoNiCr) as well as refractory (MoNbTiTa) multi-component alloys. Also, direct large-scale

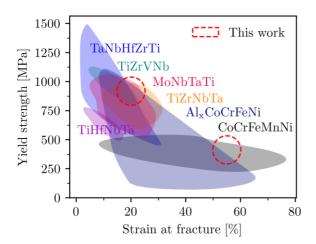


Figure 1: A diagram demonstrating the trade-off between the strength and ductility (given by the maximum deformation before fracture) over multiple classes of alloys. Red circles show approximately the alloys considered in this project.

simulations of impurity effects on ductility of iron were performed using the facilities of the Oak Ridge National Laboratory, USA, as part of the research stay of the PhD student, Franco Moitzi. The results demonstrated a very good agreement with available experimental data for these alloys, proving the reliability of the underlying methodology.

Impact and effects

The unique combination of simulation methods integrated into a single software package can provide materials designers with a toolkit allowing them to explore a large space of alloy compositions and to find alloy materials optimized simultaneously with respect to strength, ductility, and other properties. In the next step, the ADAMANT toolkit will be equipped with a user-friendly interface, in order to make it a tool bridging the gap between experts in alloy simulations and material scientists who are interested in boosting their design practices by employing predictive modeling.

Project coordination (Story) Dr. Oleg Peil Senior Scientist Computational Materials Design

Materials Center Leoben Forschung GmbH

T +43 (0) 3842 45922-45

Project partners

none

IC-MPPE / COMET-Zentrum Materials Center Leoben Forschung GmbH Roseggerstrasse 12 8700 Leoben T +43 (0) 3842 45922-0 mclburo@mcl.at www.mcl.at

IC-MPPE is a COMET Centre within the COMET – Competence Centers for Excellent Technologies Programme and funded by BMK, BMAW, and the federal states of Styria, Upper Austria and Tyrol. COMET is managed by FFG.







Austrian Research Promotion Agency Sensengasse 1, A-1090 Vienna P +43 (0) 5 77 55 - 0 office@ffg.at www.ffg.at